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mize a child born out of wedlock, to that of Norway where the illegitimate child has practically all the rights of the legitimate. Commenting upon this modern legislation, the author says:

Most of the legislation . . . is seeking to help the mother, if by so doing it helps the child. There is thus an absence of the retributive element in the State's attitude and a frank acknowledgment that the situation exists, and that nothing should interfere with the State's interest in the child who is to be a future citizen. . . . That the State should take a part in the handicapping the child because of its mother's misdeeds, is an argument which few would uphold.

We may be quite sure that this view will gain ground rapidly in all countries, especially as we must probably look forward to an increase in the illegitimacy rate, which up to 1914 had been declining. The author accepts Prinzing's conclusion that the amount of illegitimacy is directly correlated with the excess of the number of unmarried women aged 15 to 50 over the number of men aged 20 to 60 in a community.

Coming to measures to keep down the illegitimacy rate, the author proposes (1) the control or segregation of mentally abnormal women during child-bearing age; (2) the enactment of laws reflecting European experience in regard to the unmarried mother, together with propaganda "indicating to how large an extent society forces both the mother and the child into criminality"; (3) improvement in general social conditions, including housing, home environment, and recreational facilities; (4) improvement of the surroundings of the girl during working hours; (5) revision of the public attitude toward questions of sex in general.

Mr. Kammerer is to be congratulated for carrying through a difficult investigation and making a valuable contribution to the literature of what is certain to be one of the many intricate and vital problems of the era of social and economic reconstruction now rapidly bearing down upon us. The volume is prefaced by a cordial introduction by Dr. William Healy. A bibliography is appended.

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NEW BOOKS

Bacon, C. Standard catalog. Sociology section. (New York: H. W. Wilson. 1918. Pp. 99.)

"One thousand titles of the most representative and useful books on social, economic, and educational questions."

Brewer, J. M. The vocational guidance movement. Its problems and possibilities. (New York: Macmillan. 1918. Pp. xi, 333. \$1.25.)

Professor Brewer's book gives the layman a clear conception of the meaning of the term and a definite idea of the means of approach. While the book contains nothing original, it is not at all a compilation. The author has shown marked ability in sifting and arranging material, and has been fair-minded in his selection. It is an excellent book for the student of educational and social problems to read as a preliminary measure to definite and closer contact with the various ideas and notions behind the vocational guidance movement. The reviewer uses the word "notions" quite deliberately, for in his experience he has seen more foolish thought and practice in vocational guidance than in any other vocational movement. Professor Brewer has set before us the field and leaves us free to build upon the sortings of ideas, good and bad. He opens the way for another book equally honest in its endeavor but more scientific, less influenced by what has been done and more concerned with what may be done in the educational and vocational directing of youth. A. D. DEAN.

- Carter, H. The control of the drink traffic: a contribution to national efficiency, 1915-1917. (London: Longmans. 1918. Pp. 323. 7s. 6d.)
- Catlin, L. C. The hospital as a social agent in the community. (Philadelphia: Saunders. 1918. Pp. 113. \$1.25.)
- CLEMENT, I. Teaching citizenship via the movies. A survey of civic motion pictures and their availability for use by municipalities. (New York: Municipal Reference Library. 1918. Pp. 19. 10c.)
- CRAFTS, L. W. Bibliography of feeble-mindedness in its social aspects. (Faribault, Minn.: Minnesota School for Feeble-Minded and Colony for Epileptics. 1917. Pp. 73.)
- Faries, J. C. The development in England of a state system for the care of the disabled soldier. (New York: Red Cross Institute for Crippled and Disabled Men. 1918. Pp. 18.)
- Johnson, W. E. The federal government and the liquor traffic. Second edition revised and enlarged. (Westerville: Am. Issue Pub. Co. 1917. Pp. 364.)
- HALL, M. A practical sociology. (New York: Scribners. 1918. \$1.)
- HARPER, S. Vocational reëducation for war cripples in France. (New York: Institute for Crippled and Disabled Men. 1918. Pp. 97.)
- HEIGHTON, J. H. The place of the voluntary worker in civic life and social work. (London: Simpkin, Marshall & Co. 1918. Pp. 36. 3d.)
- Hollister, H. A. The woman citizen. A problem in education. (New York: Appleton. 1918. Pp. xviii, 305. \$1.75.)

- Two of the chapters, pages 142 to 179, are entitled Woman as an Industrial Worker and The Economic Independence of Women. The first of these touches upon problems of minimum wage, health, social idlers, and industrial training. The second is a survey of the occupations and professions into which women are entering. Each chapter is followed by a statement of problems and a brief bibliography.
- IRVING, H. B. A book of remarkable criminals. (New York: Doran. 1918. Pp. viii, 315. \$2.)
- Jenkins, F. W. Child welfare in war time. A bibliography. (New York: Russell Sage Foundation. 1918. Pp. 4.)
- JOHNSTON, F. E. A bibliography of social service. New edition. (New York: Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America. 1918. Pp. 40. 10c.)
- LEAKE, A. H. The vocational education of girls and women. (New York: Institute for Crippled and Disabled Men. 1918. Pp. 97.)
- MACARA, C. W. Social and industrial reform. (London: Bart. Sherratt and Hughes. 1918. 5s.)
- MAROT, H. Creative impulse in industry; a proposition for education. (New York: Dutton. 1918. Pp. 22, 146. \$1.50.)
- McDermott, V. D. and Trotter, A. E. Chicago social service directory. Second edition. (Chicago: Burmeister Prtg. Co. 1918. Pp. vi, 271.)
- MENGE, E. J. Backgrounds for social workers. (Boston: Badger. 1918. Pp. 214. \$1.50.)
- Spooner, H. J. Wealth from waste. (London: Routledge. 1918. 7s. 6d.)
- Weeks, A. D. Social antagonisms. National social science series. (Chicago: McClurg. 1918. Pp. 142. 60c.)
- WHITAKER, C. H. and others. The housing problem in war and impeace. (Washington: Journal of Am. Inst. of Architects, The Octagon. 1918. Pp. 116.)
- Child welfare in Oklahoma; an inquiry by the National Child Labor Committee for the University of Oklahoma. (New York: Nat. Child Labor Comm., 105 East 22d St. 1918. Pp. 285. 75c.)
- Infant welfare in Germany during the war. Prepared in the Intelligence Department of the Local Government Board. (London: Wyman. 1918. Pp. 37. 6d.)
- A proposal for the establishment of a new town. (London: H. Clapham Lander, 127 Central Bldgs., Westminster. 1918. 2s.)
- Thrift by household accounting. Third printing. (Baltimore: Am. Home Econ. Assoc., 1911 Cathedral St. 1918.)
- Report of the Housing Commission, City of Des Moines. (Des Moines, Ia.: The Commission. 1918. Pp. 64.)

- The welfare work of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company for its industrial policy-holders. Report for 1917. (New York: The Company. 1918. Pp. 23.)
- Whittier State School biennial report, 1916. (Whittier, Calif. 1917. Pp. 245.)

The report of the department of research covers the history of the work, organization and equipment, nature and scope, the measurement of intelligence, heredity and delinquency, environmental factors, and study of delinquent conduct.

Insurance and Pensions

NEW BOOKS

- Hodge, J. M. and Garside, T. H. War pensions and allowances. (New York: Hodder and Stoughton. 1918. Pp. 463.)
- Jones, F. R. Workmen's compensation law of the state of New York.
 Revised with amendments, May, 1918. (New York: Workmen's Compensation Publicity Bureau, 80 Maiden Lane. 1918. Pp. 67. 25c.)
- JOYCE, J. A. A treatise on the law of insurance of every kind. Second edition. Vol. 4. (Rochester, N. Y.: Lawyers Coop. Pub. Co. 1918. Pp. 2507-4885. \$7.50.)
- MILLER, G. R. Social insurance in the United States. The national social science series. (Chicago: McClurg. 1918. Pp. xii, 136. 60c.)
 - The National Social Science Series, issued under the editorship of President F. L. McVey, is a collection of brief, non-technical studies on present-day questions, to which has just been added this small volume by Dean Gurdon Ransom Miller of the Colorado State Teachers College. Mr. Miller has given in popular form, an account of the important aspects of social insurance in the United States, covering such topics as the attitude of the public towards social questions in general, workmen's compensation for accidents, health insurance, unemployment insurance, old age support and the general educational value of social insurance to the people of a coun-Perhaps it is too much to ask from a treatise written within the limitations of the present one, but the failure to mention such subjects as survivors' (widows' and orphans') insurance, the insurance of salaried employees, the systems of maternity benefits in force in many countries makes one regret the loss of this opportunity to call the attention of American readers to these possibilities of maintaining a high standard of life. The book is an argument for the adoption of various forms of social insurance in the United States. H. J. H.
- WOODBURY, R. M. Social insurance: an economic analysis. Cornell studies in history and political science, vol. 4. (New York: Holt. 1917. Pp. x, 171.)